Year 3 Resources- 13th July 2020

How can I

change my

Science

Find out all you can about shadows. How are they formed? What causes a shadow? Did you find out anything last week that will help you? Find out about transparent, translucent and opaque.

PF

Continue with the Birmingham School Games Challenge.

Art/DT

Follow your design from last week
to create your own shadow puppet theatre.
Which material is best for your puppets? Which
creates the best shadow? Remember you'll need a piece
of tissue paper or a similar material to go at the front
so that you can cast a shadow onto it.

English

Using the video 'The Lighthouse' write the story from where the lamp smashes and the ship is approaching. I've given you some examples of sentences you could use in the resources.

Maths

Have a go at the doubling, halving and multiplication worksheets.

Computing

Make a mind map or a PowerPoint all about shadows or your puppet theatre.

PDW

Continue your lockdown diary. Create a poster all about your memories of Year 3! Here's some ideas...Herefordshire Beacon, The Stone Age, Class Assemblies, moving to KS2- the list is endless!

English

Follow the link below to access our text this week- The Lighthouse (it's the same text as last week).

https://www.literacyshed.com/the-lighthouse.html

Once you have watched the text, have a go at writing the story from where the lamp smashes and the ship approaches. Remember to make your writing as exciting as possible.



Some of the things you might want to include....

A verb to start a sentence...

E.g. Racing down the steps, the lighthouse keeper could only think of one thing: the ship.

An adverb to start a sentence.

E.g. Swiftly, the lighthouse keeper darted down the steps.

Try adding some short, snappy sentences to add excitement.

E.g. He froze.

Tell the reader when something happened.

E.g. Moments later, he heard the loud honk of a ship's horn.

Use adjectives to add interest.

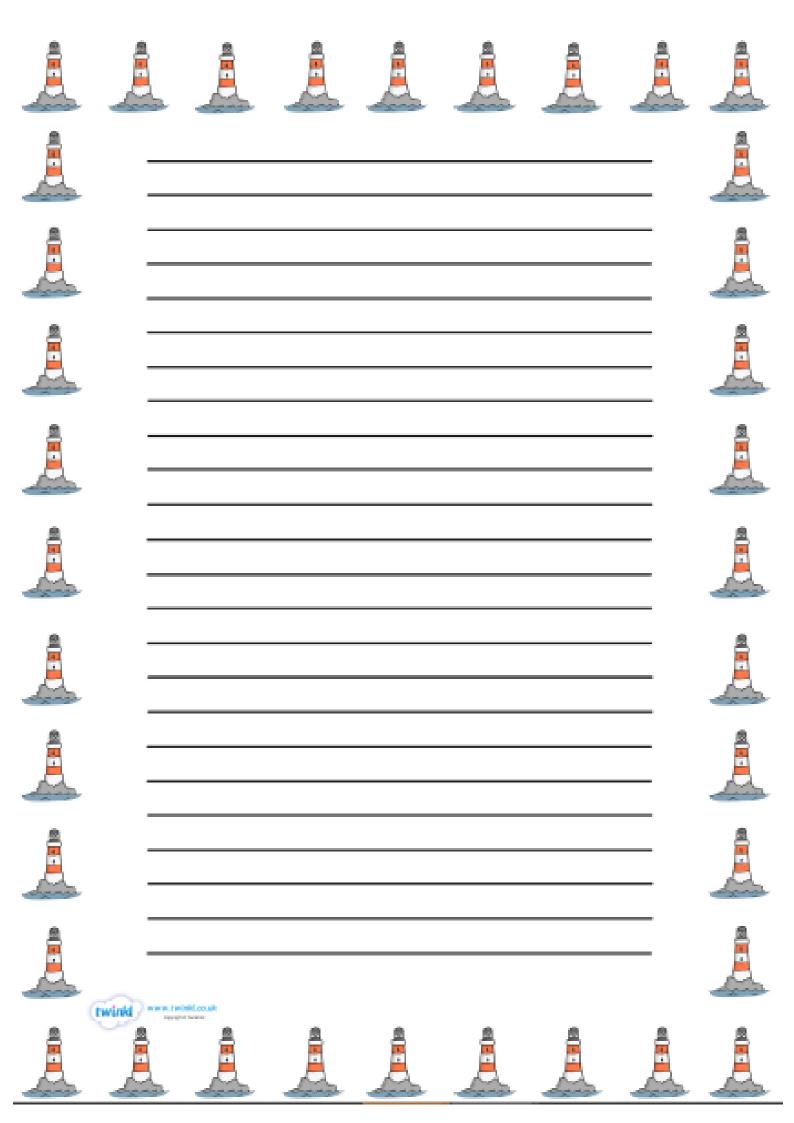
E.g. The dark, turbulent sea chewed at the jagged rocks beneath him, and a pale moon barely lit the sky.

Use a simile to compare something in the story to something else using as or like.

E.g. He stared at the approaching boat like a wild animal caught in the headlights.

Use repetition to keep the reader's interest.

E.g. The black sky hid the lighthouse. The black sea tossed the boat. The black rocks lay in wait.



Maths

Double these numbers using the partitioning method.

1. 14

2.39

3. 22

4. 52

5.36

6. 73

7. 27

8. 61

9.44

Now try these

1. 75

2.89

3. 97

Halve these numbers using the partitioning method.

1. 24

2.62

3. 28

4.44

5.55

6.65

7.53

8. 77

9.36

Now try these

1. 71

2. 99

3. 124

Grid method for multiplication

Multiply these numbers using the grid method:

1. 7 × 12

| x | 10 | 2 |
|---|----|---|
| 7 | | |

2. 5 × 13

| x | 10 | 3 |
|---|----|---|
| 5 | | |

3. 4 × 15

| X | 10 | 5 |
|---|----|---|
| 4 | | |

4. 3 × 14

| х | 10 | 4 |
|---|----|---|
| 3 | | |

Now draw grids and try these:

Challenge

Multiply these numbers using the grid method:

Problem solving and reasoning questions

Write the missing numbers in each diagram.

| ? | | | |
|------|----|--|--|
| 56 | 56 | | |
| 74 | | | |
| ? | ? | | |
| O.F. | | | |
| 95 | | | |
| ? | ? | | |

How many odd numbers between 50 and 100, when halved, give an answer ending 4½?

Write the missing numbers in this grid:

| х | 30 | 6 |
|---|----|---|
| 4 | | |

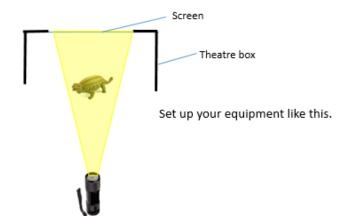
Now complete the addition to find the total of the partial products.

| $\overline{}$ | | $\overline{}$ | 1 | \neg |
|---------------|-----|---------------|-----|--------|
| 1 1 | + | | _ | l I |
| | - 1 | L., | - 1 | U |

Science

With your adults or using the internet research all you can about shadows! Perhaps you could investigate how shadows are formed and what causes a shadow. Can you also find out about transparent, translucent and opaque, if you're not sure what these mean?

There is a short experiment you could do, all you need is your shadow puppet theatre, a torch and a small play figure.



Now investigate these questions:

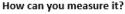
- 1. How can you make the smallest shadow?
- 2. How can you make the largest shadow?
- 3. How can you make the clearest shadow?

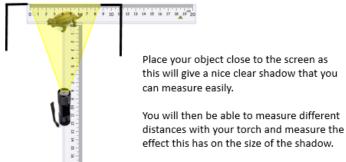
Now, become a shadow puppeteer using your shadow puppet. You can make a character seem to get bigger, closer and scarier just by moving the light source closer. You could also make your puppets appear to get smaller as if they are walking (or flying) off by moving the light source further away!

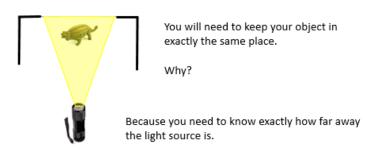
But as puppeteers we need to find out a bit more

- How much difference does moving the light source actually make, for example, if you move the light source 5cm further away, how much will the shadow shrink?
- Can you make a shadow that is smaller than the object?
- How much larger than the object can the shadow actually get?









My Lockdown Diary

Keeping ourselves mentally healthy during Coronavirus is very important. Last week we shared a lovely story called 'Everybody Worries' by Jon Burgerman which helped us to talk about how we were feeling. This week, it would be fantastic if you could begin your own 'Lockdown Diary' to highlight the positive and negative feelings that you might have during this time. We'll also be working on this next week too. Don't forget to talk to a grown-up or a friend if you need some support.

Here are a selection of pages but this available to download online at https://www.cnwl.nhs.uk/news/download-my-lockdown-diary-children

