



HILL WEST
Primary
FOUR OAKS

Home Learning Pack

Year 1 Week 3



Home Learning Links

Oak National Academy

Oak National Academy is an online classroom and resource hub. It provides high-quality video lessons and resources to support teachers, parents and pupils.

www.thenational.academy

BBC Bitesize

With BBC Bitesize it is easy to keep learning at home. You can access regular daily lessons in English, maths and other core subjects.

<https://www.bbc.co.uk/bitesize>

Phonics English Hubs

Online phonics lessons for the Letters and Sounds phonics programme.

<https://www.wandleenglishhub.org.uk/lettersandsounds>

World Book Online

World Book online have just made their fabulous collection of over 3,000 e-books and audiobooks available for free for children to access at home. They have books suitable for all ages. Click on the following link to access them.

<https://worldbook.kitaboo.com/reader/worldbook/index.html?usertoken=Mjk5MzQ6MTpJUjA5MjAxNjoyOmNsawVvudDE2OTc6MTY5NzoyMjE2Mjg4OjE6MTU4NDM4MDExMzA2Mjp1cw%3D%3D>

Read Works.org

Read Works offers access to 3000+ comprehension for all age groups. Just sign up for a free account to access fantastic texts.

<https://www.readworks.org/>

Beanstalk

Beanstalk website is packed with lots of interactive materials for children aged 1 to 6. They are offering free access to all families during the COVID-19 pandemic.

<https://beanstalk.co/>

Tutortastic

An online platform with tutorials and videos for home learning.

<https://www.tutortastic.co.uk/blog/homelearning>

Education Quizzes

A series of short quizzes for children to complete related to the National Curriculum subjects. Just select KS1 for Reception, Year 1 & Year 2 and select KS2 for Years 3-6.

<https://www.educationquizzes.com/ks1/>

Top Marks

A range of activities here but especially good interactive activities for maths.

<https://www.topmarks.co.uk/>

Classroom Secrets

Classroom Secrets Kids is offering free access to everyone until the end of April 2020. The platform is aimed at primary aged children and covers subjects such as maths, reading, grammar and

spelling. The platform is really child-friendly so that they're able to access it on their own. There are a load of games and interactive activities from phonics to SATs
<https://kids.classroomsecrets.co.uk/>

National Geographic

National Geographic is a great platform for learning and it's totally free. There are online games, resources and competitions, too.

<https://www.natgeokids.com/uk/teacher-category/primary-resources/>

Reading Eggs

Please spend a little time each week learning the spellings for this half term.

Y1 Half term 1	Y1 Half term 2	Y1 Half Term 3	Y1 Half Term 4	Y1 Half Term 5	Y1 Half Term 6
a	they	be	by	once	friend
the	are	he	my	one	school
do	is	she	here	push	today
to	his	me	there	pull	house
of	has	we	where	full	were
said	I	no	love	our	was
says	you	go	come	ask	with
put	your	so	some	like	could

Maths 1: First recap counting in 10s – Then fill in the missing numbers on the 100 square

Write in the missing numbers up to 100.

1	2	3		5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12		14		16	17		19	20
	22		24	25			28		30
31	32			35	36	37		39	40
41	42							49	50
51	52		54	55		57	58	59	60
61	62			65	66			69	
	72		74		76	77	78	79	80
	82		84	85	86			89	90
	92	93	94	95	96		98		100

Counting in 10s

Maths 2 –

Count on carefully and fill in the missing numbers in each sequence

Find the missing numbers on the snakes.

1.



2.



3.



4.



5.



6.



7.



8.



Challenge

What number is in the middle between 41 and 51?

Maths 3 –

Maths 3 – Roll a dice to generate a number. Count forwards and backwards to find one more and one less than each number.

One more / one less

Maths 4 –

Complete the table below using the numbers on the 100 square

10 More / 10 Less

Sheet 2

Work out ten more and ten less than the monster's number.

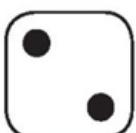
1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10
11	12		14	15	16	17	18	19	20
21	22	23	24	25	26	27	28	29	30
31	32	33	34	35	36	37	38		40
41	42	43	44	45		47	48	49	
51	52	53	54	55	56	57	58	59	60
61	62	63	64	65	66	67		69	70
	72	73	74	75	76	77	78	79	80
81	82	83	84	85	86	87		89	
91	92	93	94	95	96	97	98	99	100

Maths 5 – Count the spots on the dice to find the total amount

Counting on Sheet 2

Count on from the first number.
Write the total.

1.

 Total

2.

 Total

3.

 Total

4.

 Total

5.

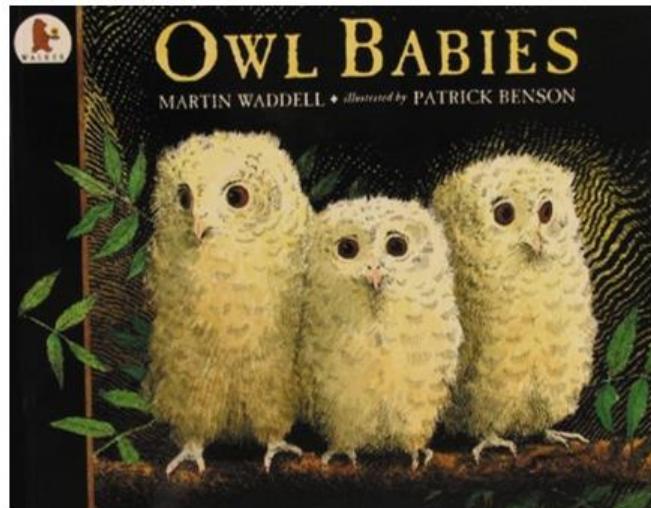
 Total

6.

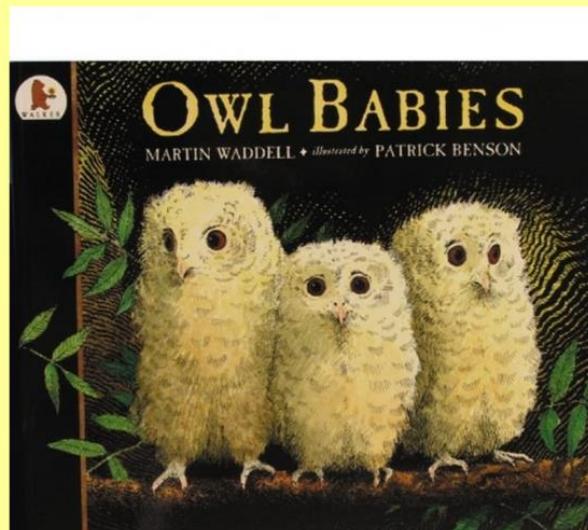
 Total

Literacy 1:

L.O: To discuss the significance of the title and events.



Let's look at the Owl babies cover



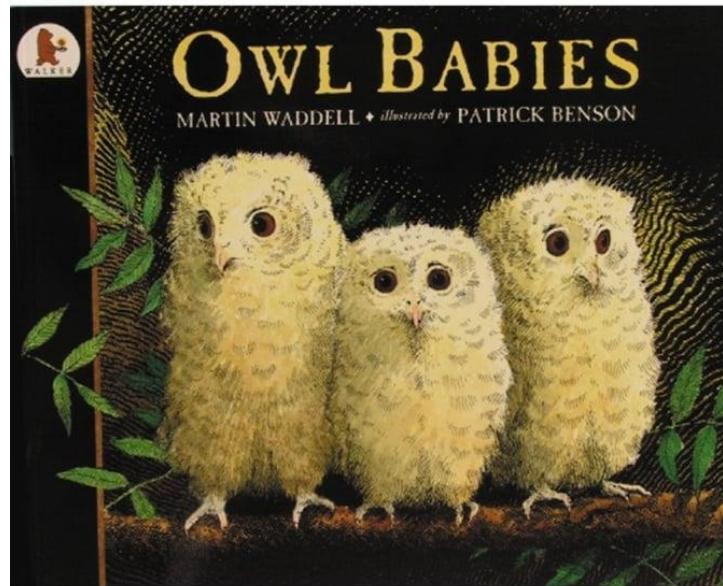
Can you predict what the story
is going to be about?

L.O: To discuss the significance of the title and events.

What is most likely to happen in Owl Babies?



Literacy 2:



Read or listen to the story Owl Babies.

<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=TPQRiSTYFH0>

What is the dilemma in the story?



A dilemma is a problem where you have to make a difficult choice.

Literacy 3:

Retell the story of the Owl Babies.

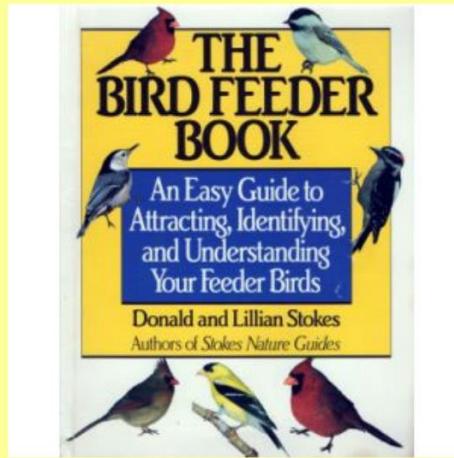
Remember that every story has a beginning, middle and end.

Can you order these pictures in the right order of the story?



Literacy 4:

What do we think this text might be about?

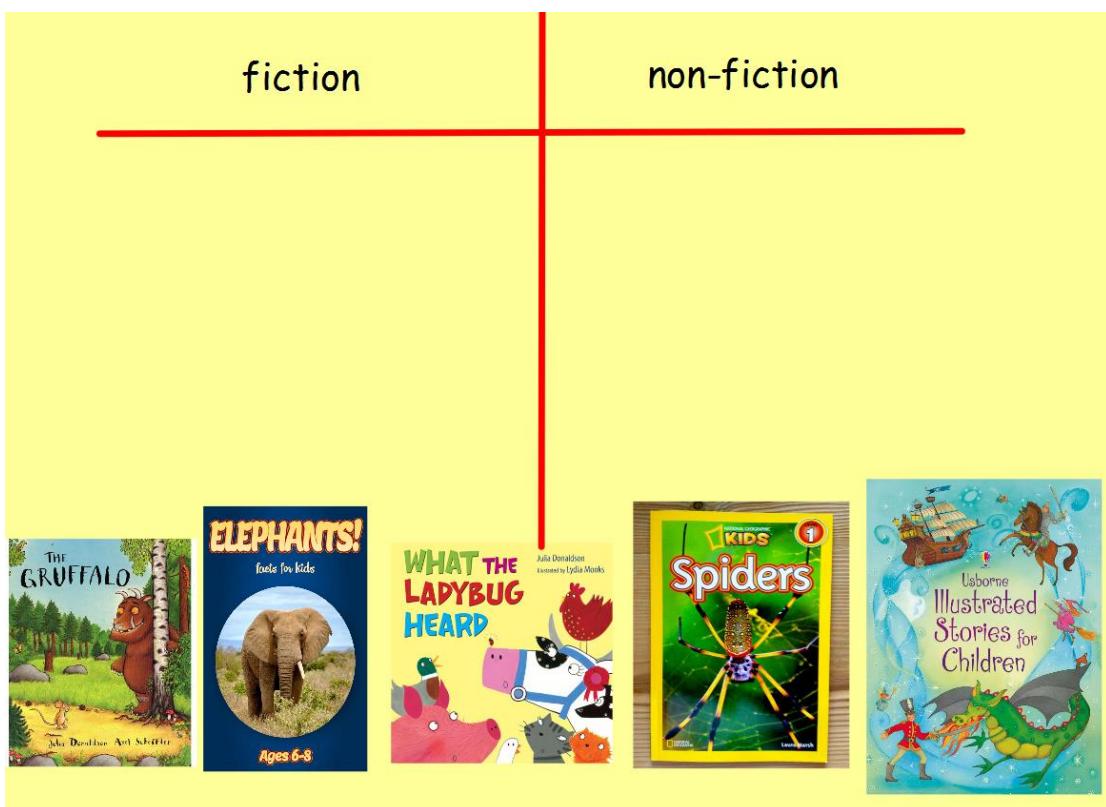


Is it a story or something else?

What is the difference between fiction and non fiction?

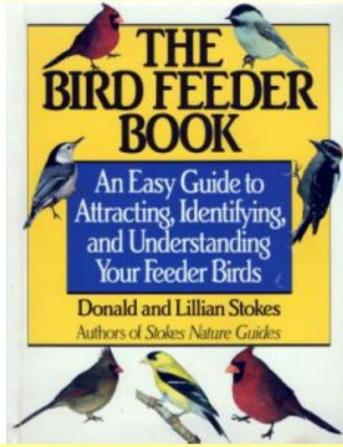
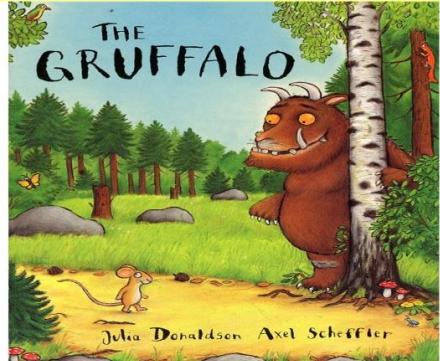
<https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=7RRPqkPnRI8>

Using just the front cover can you tell if a book is fiction or non fiction? Try to sort these front covers.



Literacy 5:

Which is book is non-fiction?



Which book is fiction?

Look at this non fiction text about owls. Can you label the non fiction features?

Picture

Information

Subheading

Heading

Caption

Facts about Owls

Habitat

Owls are found all over the world except ~~Antarctica~~. They ~~live~~ in moorland, deserts, forests and farmland.



Food

Owls eat voles, frogs and insects. They also feed off rats, shrews, moles and mice.



Birds of Prey

Owls are birds of prey and they hunt at night. Owls can do this because they have excellent hearing and eyes which are adapted for night vision.

Owls have powerful ~~claws~~ for attacking and to grip prey.

Barn Owl

Appearance

Owls have large eyes that can not move but they can turn their heads to see behind them.

Owls are covered in ~~feathers~~ which are waterproof.

Geography:

L.O. To use the language near, far, left and right.

Let's have a go at using this language.

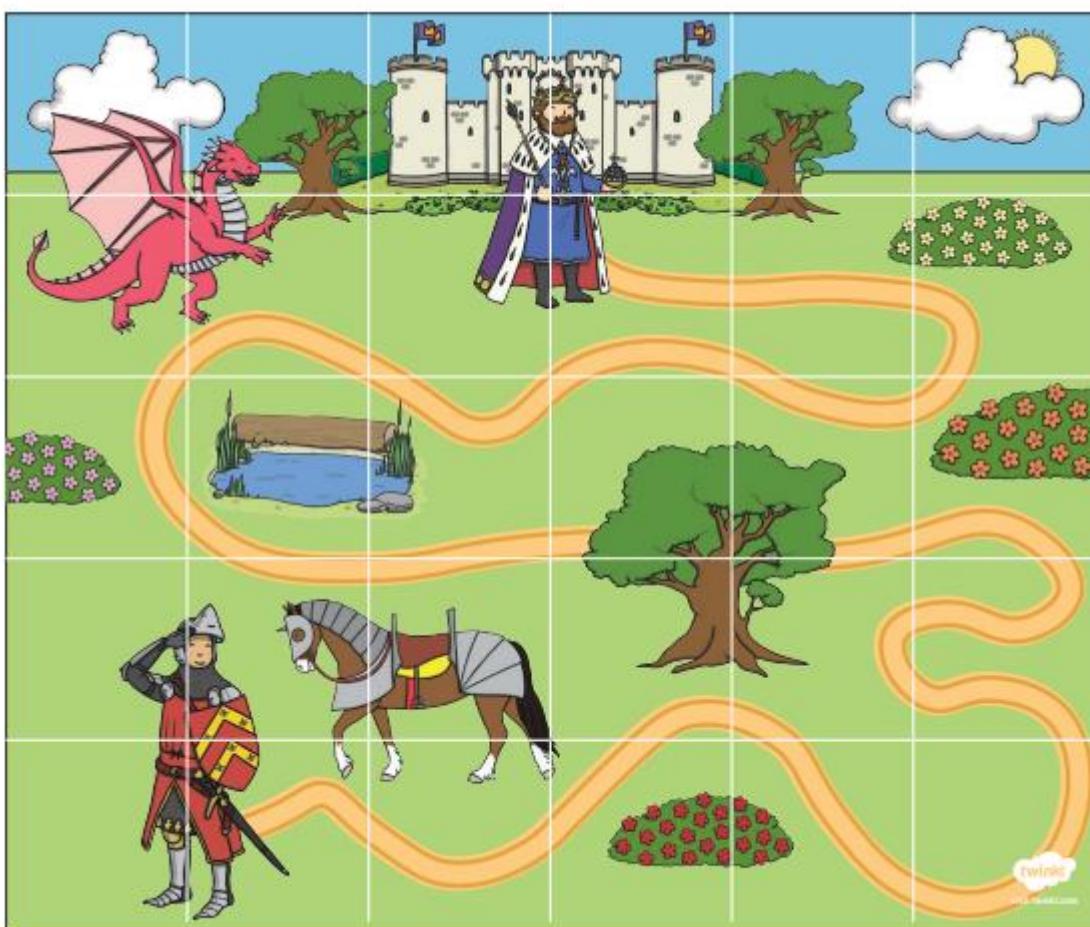
What do they mean?

Near.....

Far....

Left.....

Right.....



Your activity-

You will need to follow instructions to get
through the map to the end.

Computing:

L.O. To explain that passwords are used to protect our information.

What is a password?

We use it to gain access to things that are private like our emails or secure information.

What do we use passwords for?

You have a password for Reading Eggs.

Why do you have your own password?



History:

L.O. To understand the terms, a long time ago, before and now.

We have used these words for the last few weeks. Can you remember what they mean?

A long time ago.....

Before.....

Now.....

You are going to be sorting objects using these terms.

Let's have a go with these.....

A long time ago

Before

Now

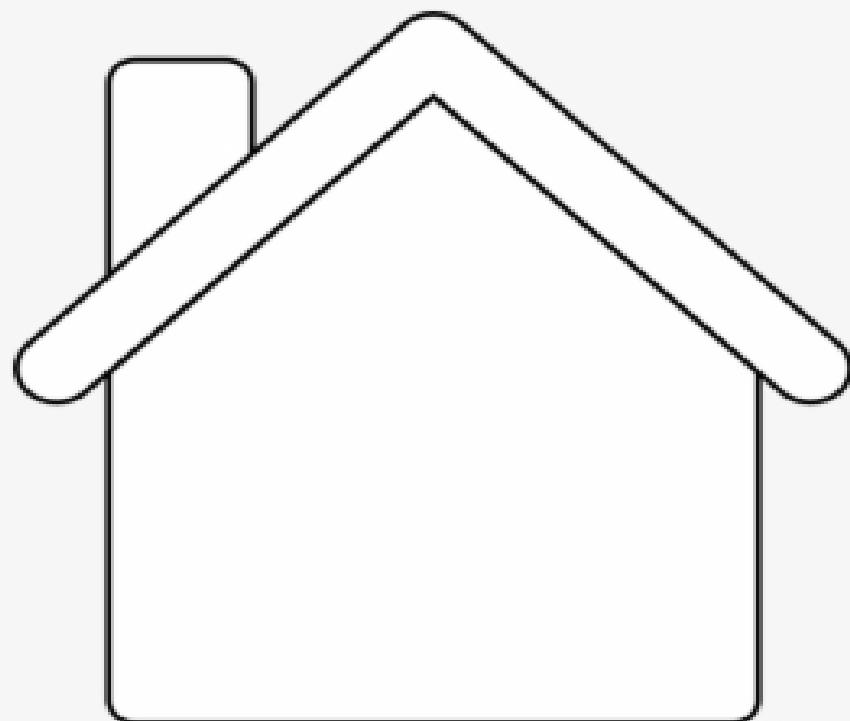


PDW:

L.O. To understand a family structure and how these can be different.

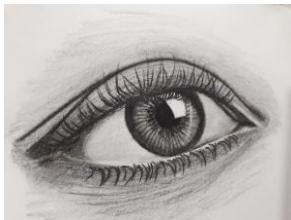


Who is in your family?



Art:

L.O. I can use a pencil to sketch and draw with control.



Look at the objects around your house. Choose something with detail or texture that would be interesting to sketch.

Sketching is the practice of drawing a rough outline or rough draft version of a final piece of art. Sketching can be used in preparation for a large piece of art, or to just get an idea of how something will look. Whether you're sketching for fun or for a project, learning the proper technique can make the practice much more enjoyable.

Find an image of something you like, or look for an object or person around you to draw. Take several minutes to study the subject prior to beginning to sketch. Pay attention to these things:[2]

- Find the source of light. Locating the primary light source will determine where you sketch the lightest and where you sketch the darkest.
- Look for any movement. Whether actual movement from a real-life subject or perceived movement in an image, determining movement in your subject will determine the shape/direction you make your sketch strokes.
- Pay attention to primary shapes. All objects are made up of a combination of the basic shapes (square, circle, triangle, etc.). Look for the shapes that underlay your subject, and sketch these first.

Don't press too heavily. A sketch is intended to be the base or draft of an image. Therefore, when you start your sketch you should use a light hand and lots of short, quick strokes. This will make it easier to test out different ways of drawing a particular object, and will allow you to erase mistakes much easier as well.

Extension: Have a look at these drawing tutorials and have a go at drawing other objects.

<https://www.easypeasyandfun.com/how-to-draw/>